## SEQUENCES AND POLYNOMIALS TEST - 3° ESO

Exercise 1: (1.5 ptos) Find the general term of the following sequences:

a) 
$$\{9, 36, 144, 576, 2304\cdots\}$$
  $a_n = 9 \cdot 4^{n-1}$ 

b) 
$$\left\{ \frac{3}{1}, \frac{4}{4}, \frac{5}{9}, \frac{6}{16}, \frac{7}{25} \cdots \right\}$$
  $a_n = \frac{n+2}{n^2}$ 

c) 
$$\{-5, -1, 3, 7, 11, 15 \cdots\}$$
  $a_n = -5 + 4(n-1)$ 

Exercise 2: (1 pto) In an AP we know that  $a_{12}=48$  and  $a_{30}=102$ . Find the general term,  $a_{75}$  and the sum of the first one hundred terms  $a_n=15+3(n-1)$   $a_{75}=237$   $S_{100}=16350$ 

Exercise 3: (0.75 ptos) In a GP we know that  $a_1 = 9$  and  $a_9 = 2304$ . Find the general term and the sum of the first seventy terms  $a_n = 9 \cdot 2^{n-1}$   $S_{70} = 1.06 \cdot 10^{22}$ 

Exercise 4: (1 pto) I place 2000€ in the bank at the beginning of each year with an interest rate of 2% per year. How much money will I have 10 years later?  $S_{10} = 21899.44$ €

Exercise 5: (1 pto) A company has a profit of 1200€ during the first year, 1500€ the second year, 1800€ the third year and so on. What's the profit in the tenth year? How much money will they earn in total?

$$a_{10} = 3900 \in S_{10} = 25500 \in$$

Exercise 6: (1.25 ptos) Work out:

a) 
$$(3x-5)(3x+5) = 9x^2-25$$

b) 
$$(7x^6 - 4x^2)^2 = 49x^{12} - 56x^8 + 16x^4$$

c) 
$$(v+w)^4 = v^4 + 4v^3w + 6v^2w^2 + 4vw^3 + w^4$$

Exercise 7: (0.75 ptos) Evaluate the polynomial  $P(x) = 5x^3 - 4x^2 - 8x + 9$  when x = -2 P(-2) = -31

Exercise 8: (1.5 ptos) Take out common factors and group together if possible:

a) 
$$12x^5 - 15x^4 + 21x^3 - 3x^2 = 3x^2(4x^3 - 5x^2 + 7x - 1)$$

b) 
$$(x-2)^3 + 5(x-2)^2 - 3(x-2) = (x-2)(x^2 + x - 9)$$

Exercise 9: (1.25 ptos) Given the polynomials  $P(x) = 4x^3 - 3x^2 - 5x + 7$ ,  $Q(x) = -x^3 + 7x^2 - 5x - 2$  and  $R(x) = 3x^2 - x$ , work out:

a) 
$$P-Q=5x^3-10x^2+9$$

b) 
$$P \cdot R = 12x^5 - 13x^4 - 12x^3 + 26x^2 - 7x$$

